Claims

1. A method for simultaneous and fractional determination of peracetic acid and hydrogen peroxide, which comprises adding a solution containing peracetic acid and hydrogen peroxide to a pH buffer solution with pH from 5 to 6 containing amolybdate, iodine and an iodide ion, and measuring redox potential changes in a reaction of peracetic acid with the iodide ion and a reaction of hydrogen peroxide with the iodide ion.

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- 2. The method for simultaneous and fractional determination of peracetic acid and hydrogen peroxide according to claim 1, wherein the concentration of the molybdate is from 0.5 to 1 mmol/1, the concentration of iodine is from 0.3 to 2 mmol/1, the concentration of the iodide ion is from 5 to 20 mmol/1, and the redox potential changes are measured using a potentiometer having a working electrode made of platinum, gold or carbon.
- 3. The method for simultaneous and fractional determination of peracetic acid and hydrogen peroxide according to claim 1 or 2, wherein a measuring solution containing known concentrations of an iodide ion and iodine is used which is prepared by adding an aqueous solution of known concentration(s) of peracetic acid and/or hydrogen peroxide to a pH buffer solution containing potassium iodide in a measuring container

to allow a reaction with potassium iodide.

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4. The method for simultaneous and fractional determination of peracetic acid and hydrogen peroxide according to claim 1 or 2, wherein a pH buffer solution containing a molybdate, iodine and an iodide ion is used which is obtained by adding a pH buffer solution containing potassium iodide to a measuring container to cause potentiostatic electrolysis and thereby generate iodine and then adding the molybdate.